

PRODUCT: 20 cases, each containing 12 10-ounce bags, of egg noodles at Houston, Tex.

LABEL, IN PART: (Bag) "American Beauty Highest Quality Pure Egg Noodles * * * Contains 5½% Egg Solids."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), a valuable constituent, egg, had been in whole or in part omitted from the product.

DISPOSITION: December 23, 1952. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

19615. Adulteration and misbranding of egg noodles. U. S. v. 21 Cases * * * (F. D. C. No. 34195. Sample No. 44171-L.)

LABEL FILED: November 3, 1952, Western District of Oklahoma.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 27, 1952, by the American Beauty Macaroni Co., from Wichita, Kans.

PRODUCT: 21 cases, each containing 12 10-ounce bags, of egg noodles at Oklahoma City, Okla.

LABEL, IN PART: (Bag) "American Beauty Krinkly Non Skid Egg Noodles."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), a valuable constituent, egg, had been in whole or in part omitted from the article.

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label statement "Contains 5½% Egg Solids" was false and misleading as applied to the article, which contained less than 5½ percent of egg or egg yolk solids; and, Section 403 (g) (1), the article failed to conform to the definition and standard of identity for noodles since the total solids of the article contained less than 5½ percent by weight of the solids of egg or egg yolk, the minimum permitted by the definition and standard.

DISPOSITION: December 15, 1952. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to a charitable institution, for its use and not for sale.

MISCELLANEOUS CEREALS

19616. Adulteration of unpopped popcorn in oil. U. S. v. 39 Cases, etc. (F. D. C. No. 34474. Sample Nos. 59220-L, 59221-L.)

LABEL FILED: January 5, 1953, Eastern District of South Carolina.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about November 19 and 29, 1952, by Rose City Foods, Inc., from Thomasville, Ga.

PRODUCT: 73 cases, each containing 24 11½-ounce jars, of unpopped popcorn in oil at Columbia, S. C.

LABEL, IN PART: (Jar) "Rose Kist Pour N'Pop Popcorn & Oil."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects.

DISPOSITION: February 12, 1953. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

19617. Adulteration of unpopped popcorn in oil. U. S. v. 25 Cases * * * (F. D. C. No. 34466. Sample No. 59222-L.)

LABEL FILED: January 2, 1953, Western District of North Carolina.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On an unknown date, by the Colonial Stores, from Columbia, S. C.

PRODUCT: 25 cases, each containing 24 11½-ounce jars, of unpopped popcorn in oil at Charlotte, N. C.

LABEL, IN PART: (Jar) "Rose Kist Pour N'Pop Popcorn & Oil * * * Rose City Foods, Inc., Thomasville, Ga."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects.

DISPOSITION: February 25, 1953. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

19618. Adulteration of rice. U. S. v. 12 Bags * * *. (F. D. C. No. 33561. Sample No. 49204-L.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about September 8, 1952, Southern District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 29, 1952, from the British West Indies.

PRODUCT: 12 100-pound bags of rice at New York, N. Y.

LABEL, IN PART: "P & Co. Ltd.-St. Lucia."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects.

DISPOSITION: January 21, 1953. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to a Federal institution, for use as animal feed.

19619. Adulteration of wheat. U. S. v. 94,000 Pounds * * *. (F. D. C. No. 33417. Sample No. 49003-L.)

LIBEL FILED: June 24, 1952, District of Minnesota.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about May 29, 1952, by the Hartung-Erickson Elevator Co., from Frankfort, S. Dak.

PRODUCT: 94,000 pounds of wheat at Duluth, Minn.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (2), the product contained an added poisonous and deleterious substance, a mercurial compound, which is unsafe within the meaning of the law since it is a substance not required in the production of the food and can be avoided by good manufacturing practice.

DISPOSITION: July 2 and 7, 1952. The shipper, claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond to be reprocessed by distillation into industrial alcohol, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency. On September 4, 1952, the decree was amended to substitute the Farmers Union Grain Terminal Association, St. Paul, Minn., as claimant, and to permit reprocessing of the grain by scouring.

The wheat in the instant case and the wheat involved in the cases reported in notices of judgment Nos. 19620 to 19623, incl., were commingled for purposes of the scouring operations. As a result of these operations, 8,720 pounds of wheat were found unfit and were destroyed.

19620. Adulteration of wheat. U. S. v. 88,200 Pounds * * *. (F. D. C. No. 33396. Sample No. 48713-L.)

LIBEL FILED: June 12, 1952, District of Minnesota.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about May 28, 1952, by the International Elevator Co., from Fallon, Mont.

PRODUCT: 88,200 pounds of wheat at Duluth, Minn.