OILS AND FATS

19493. Adulteration and misbranding of table and cooking oil. U. S. v. 16 Cans * * *. (F. D. C. No. 33435. Sample No. 53072-L.)

LIBEL FILED: June 27, 1952, Eastern District of Missouri.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about February 26, 1952, by the Vincent Formusa Co., from Chicago, Ill.

PRODUCT: 16 1-gallon cans of table and cooking oil at St. Louis, Mo.

LABEL, IN PART: (Can) "Marconi Brand Contains 75% Cottonseed Oil 20% Olive Oil 5% Peanut Oil."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), a valuable constituent, olive oil, had been in whole or in part omitted or abstracted from the article; and, Section 402 (b) (2), a vegetable oil containing little or no olive oil had been substituted for a blend of 75 percent cottonseed oil, 20 percent olive oil, and 5 percent peanut oil.

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label statement "Contains * * * 20% Olive Oil" was false and misleading as applied to the article, which contained little, if any, olive oil.

DISPOSITION: July 25, 1952. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to a charitable institution, for use by the institution and not for sale.

19494. Adulteration and misbranding of cooking oil. U. S. v. 16 Cans * * *. (F. D. C. No. 33423. Sample No. 33235-L.)

LIBEL FILED: June 27, 1952, Eastern District of Michigan.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about April 8, 1952, by Roma Macaroni Mfg. Co., Inc., Chicago, Ill.

PRODUCT: 16 1-gallon cans of cooking oil at Detroit, Mich.

LABEL, IN PART: (Can) "Presto Brand Cooking Oil A Delicious Blend of 75% Corn Oil and 25% Pure Olive Oil Packed By Illinois Oil Packing And Distributing Company, Chicago, Illinois."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), a valuable constituent, olive oil, had been in whole or in part omitted or abstracted from the article; and, Section 402 (b) (2), a mixture of corn oil and peanut oil with less than 25 percent of olive oil had been substituted for a blend of 75 percent corn oil and 25 percent olive oil.

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label statement "A * * * Blend of 75% Corn Oil and 25% * * * Olive Oil" was false and misleading as applied to the article, which was a mixture of corn oil and peanut oil with less than 25 percent of olive oil.

DISPOSITION: August 18, 1952. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to a Federal institution, for its use and not for sale.

19495. Misbranding of olive oil. U. S. v. 80 Cans * * *. (F. D. C. No. 32830. Sample Nos. 10477-L, 10491-L.)

LIBEL FILED: February 29, 1952, Eastern District of Michigan.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about January 23, 1951, by Moscahlades Bros., Inc., New York, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 80 cans of olive oil at Detroit, Mich.