

Drug Administration. 2,085 pounds of nuts were salvaged, and 22 $\frac{3}{4}$ pounds were destroyed.

19536. Adulteration of unshelled brazil nuts. U. S. v. 137 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 34242. Sample No. 56362-L.)

LIBEL FILED: November 24, 1952, Southern District of Ohio.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 21, 1952, from New York, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 137 cases, each containing 24 1-pound bags, of unshelled brazil nuts at Columbus, Ohio.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of decomposed nuts, and it was otherwise unfit for food by reason of the presence of empty shells. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: December 16, 1952. Wm. A. Higgins & Co., Inc., New York, N. Y., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for segregation of the unfit portion, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency. As a result of the segregation operations, 594 pounds of the product were found unfit and were destroyed.

19537. Adulteration of unshelled brazil nuts. U. S. v. 10 Bags * * *. (F. D. C. No. 34123. Sample No. 26435-L.)

LIBEL FILED: November 10, 1952, Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 15, 1952, by the Biddle Purchasing Co., from New York, N. Y.

PRODUCT: 10 100-pound bags of unshelled brazil nuts at Philadelphia, Pa.

LABEL, IN PART: "Cliff House Brand Brazil Nuts."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of moldy and decomposed brazil nuts, and it was otherwise unfit for food by reason of the presence of empty shells.

DISPOSITION: February 16, 1953. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

19538. Adulteration of unshelled peanuts. U. S. v. 10 Sacks * * *. (F. D. C. No. 33982. Sample No. 28249-L.)

LIBEL FILED: October 7, 1952, Northern District of California.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about March 1, 1952, from Suffolk, Va.

PRODUCT: 10 100-pound sacks of unshelled peanuts at Sacramento, Calif.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: March 16, 1953. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

19539. Adulteration of shelled pecans. U. S. v. 13 Boxes * * *. (F. D. C. No. 34126. Sample No. 69168-L.)

LIBEL FILED: November 11, 1952, District of New Mexico.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about June 22, 1952, from Muskogee, Okla.

PRODUCT: 13 60-pound boxes of shelled pecans at Portales, N. Mex., in the possession of Portales Valley Mills, Inc.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent pellets and insects, and of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of moldy nuts; and, Section 402 (a) (4), the article had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: December 15, 1952. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

19540. Adulteration of shelled pecans. U. S. v. 7 Cartons * * *. (F. D. C. No. 34294. Sample No. 14302-L.)

LIBEL FILED: December 8, 1952, District of Colorado.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 24, 1952, by Rubenstein & Son Produce, Inc., from Dallas, Tex.

PRODUCT: 7 30-pound cartons of shelled pecans at Denver, Colo. Examination showed that the product had an odor and taste resembling naphthalene.

LABEL, IN PART: "Lady Rita Fancy Select Pecans."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article was unfit for food by reason of the presence of a foreign substance which rendered it disagreeable to the taste.

DISPOSITION: January 23, 1953. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

POULTRY

19541. Adulteration of dressed poultry. U. S. v. Harold J. Bunting and Sol Schnoll. Pleas of guilty. Fine of \$250, plus costs, against each defendant. (F. D. C. No. 33820. Sample No. 49493-L.)

INFORMATION FILED: November 17, 1952, District of Maryland, against Harold J. Bunting, plant superintendent, and Sol Schnoll, secretary-treasurer of Snow Hill Poultry Co., Inc., Snow Hill, Md.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about May 1, 1952, from the State of Maryland into the State of New York.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in part of a filthy substance by reason of contamination with fecal matter.

DISPOSITION: February 20, 1953. Pleas of guilty having been entered, the court imposed a fine of \$250, plus costs, against each defendant.

19542. Adulteration of frozen dressed poultry. U. S. v. Mike Hallren (Hallren Poultry & Creamery Co.). Plea of nolo contendere. Fine, \$150. (F. D. C. No. 33708. Sample Nos. 7268-L, 7272-L, 8167-L.)

INFORMATION FILED: August 11, 1952, Western District of Oklahoma, against Mike Hallren, trading as Hallren Poultry & Creamery Co., Fairview, Okla.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 21, August 9, and October 8, 1951, from the State of Oklahoma into the State of New York.

LABEL, IN PART: "Fowl" or "Fryers."