

Lbs. Net Weight"; and (package) "Luden's Choc-O-Lets Chocolate Raisins Net Wt. 8 Oz.," "Luden's Choc-O-Lets Chocolate Bridge Mix Net Wt. 8 Oz.," and "Unicy Marshmallows 6½ Oz. Net Wt."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the articles consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances by reason of the presence of rodent hair fragments and insect parts; and, Section 402 (a) (4), the articles had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby they may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: April 21 and 22 and May 9 and 14, 1952. Luden's, Inc., having consented to the destruction of the New Orleans lots of the products and no person having appeared as claimant for the other lots, judgments of condemnation were entered and the court ordered that the New Jersey lots be delivered to a charitable institution, to be used as feed for swine, and that the other lots be destroyed.

18915. Adulteration of candy. U. S. v. 64 Boxes * * *. (F. D. C. No. 32954. Sample No. 25997-L.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about March 20, 1952, District of New Jersey.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about January 31, 1952, by H. B. Reese Candy, Inc., from Hershey, Pa.

PRODUCT: Candy. 64 boxes, each containing 24 candy cups, at Camden, N. J.

LABEL, IN PART: "The Original Reese's Milk Chocolate Peanut Butter Cup."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent hair fragments and insect parts; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: May 5, 1952. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to a county institution, for use as animal feed.

18916. Adulteration of candy. U. S. v. 17 Boxes * * *. (F. D. C. No. 32884. Sample No. 33648-L.)

LIBEL FILED: March 14, 1952, Northern District of Indiana.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about February 20, 1952, from Chicago, Ill.

PRODUCT: 17 5-pound boxes of candy at Gary, Ind.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects. The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: April 30, 1952. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

SIRUP

18917. Adulteration and misbranding of sorghum sirup. U. S. v. 152 Cans, etc. (F. D. C. No. 32919. Sample No. 34246-L.)

LIBEL FILED: March 31, 1952; Western District of Tennessee.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about March 7, 1952; by Buck Hillman, from Conehatta, Miss.

DISPOSITION: April 30, 1952. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

PRODUCT: 152 unlabeled 1-gallon cans of sirup and 152 loose labels at Gates, Tenn.

LABEL, IN PART: "Newton County, Mississippi Honey Drip Sorghum Molasses."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (2), a mixture of sorghum, corn sirup, and sugar had been substituted in whole or in part for sorghum molasses.

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label designation "Sorghum Molasses" was false and misleading.

DISPOSITION: May 5, 1952. W. H. Critchfield, Gates, Tenn., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond to be labeled in compliance with the law, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

18918. Misbranding of sorghum sirup. U. S. v. 20 Cans, etc. (F. D. C. No. 32882. Sample No. 34241-L.)

LIBEL FILED: March 17, 1952, Western District of Tennessee.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about November 1, 1951, by M. Dawson, from Springdale, Ark.

PRODUCT: Sorghum sirup. 20 1-gallon cans and 13 ½-gallon cans at Covington, Tenn.

LABEL, IN PART: "Dawson's Sorghum Syrup Made from Sorghum Cane Enriched with Cane Sugar and Glucose."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label designation "Sorghum Syrup" was false and misleading since the article consisted of a mixture of sorghum, corn sirup, and sugar sirup.

DISPOSITION: April 24, 1952. The sole intervener having withdrawn his claim, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be donated to a public institution.

DAIRY PRODUCTS

BUTTER

18919. Adulteration of butter. U. S. v. Lyle O. Weist (Granville Creamery). Plea of guilty. Fine of \$50 and costs. (F. D. C. No. 32719. Sample Nos. 18980-L, 18981-L.)

INFORMATION FILED: September 15, 1952, District of North Dakota, against Lyle O. Weist, trading as the Granville Creamery, Granville, N. Dak.

ALLEGED VIOLATION: On or about April 25, 1951, the defendant gave to a firm engaged in the business of shipping butter in interstate commerce a guaranty to the effect that products delivered by the defendant under the guaranty would be neither adulterated nor misbranded. On or about June 20 and 28, 1951, the defendant caused to be shipped to the holder of the guaranty, at Fargo, N. Dak., a quantity of butter that was adulterated.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insect fragments, manure, rodent hairs, and seta, and was made from filth-contaminated cream; Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared and packed under insanitary