

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about January 18, 1952, and April 3 and 9, 1953, from Newark, N. J.

**PRODUCT:** Vitamin tablets. 10 1,000-tablet bottles, 263 100-tablet bottles, 1 5,000-tablet drum, and 22 1,000-tablet bottles at Astoria, Long Island, N. Y.

Analyses disclosed that the tablets in the 22-bottle lot contained less than 60 percent of the declared amount of vitamin D and that the tablets in the other lots contained 64 percent of the declared amount of vitamin B<sub>1</sub> and less than 60 percent of the declared amount of vitamin D.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), a valuable constituent, vitamin D, had been in part omitted or abstracted from the tablets in the 22-bottle lot; and valuable constituents, vitamin B<sub>1</sub> and vitamin D, had been in part omitted or abstracted from the tablets in the other lots.

Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the statement on the label of the bottles in the 22-bottle lot, which represented that 3 tablets would provide 1,500 U. S. P. units of vitamin D, and the statement on the labels of the other lots, which represented that each tablet contained 10 milligrams of vitamin B<sub>1</sub> and 100 U. S. P. units of vitamin D, were false and misleading.

The tablets in each of the above-mentioned lots were adulterated and misbranded while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

**DISPOSITION:** October 16, 1953. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

**20797. Adulteration and misbranding of B-Lixir and Neovis. U. S. v. 14 Bottles, etc. (F. D. C. No. 35357. Sample Nos. 59103-L, 59105-L.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** July 15, 1953, Northern District of Georgia.

**ALLEGED SHIPMENT:** On or about December 5, 1952, and April 17, 1953, by the First Texas Chemical Mfg. Co., from Dallas, Tex.

**PRODUCT:** 14 1-pint bottles of B-Lixir and 12 1-pint bottles of Neovis at Atlanta, Ga. Analyses showed that the B-Lixir contained 61 percent of the declared amount of vitamin B<sub>1</sub> and that the Neovis contained less than 50 percent of the declared amounts of vitamin B<sub>1</sub> and vitamin B<sub>12</sub>.

**NATURE OF CHARGE:** B-Lixir. Adulteration Section 402 (b) (1), a valuable constituent, vitamin B<sub>1</sub>, had been in part omitted or abstracted from the article. Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label statement "Each fluidounce represents: Thiamin Hydrochloride 7.207 mgm." was false and misleading as applied to the article, which contained less than the declared amount of thiamine hydrochloride (vitamin B<sub>1</sub>) per fluid ounce.

Neovis. Adulteration, Section 402 (b) (1), valuable constituents, vitamin B<sub>1</sub> and vitamin B<sub>12</sub>, had been in part omitted or abstracted from the article. Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label statement "Each fluidounce represents: \* \* \* Vitamin B<sub>12</sub> ----- 10 mcg. Thiamin Hydrochloride (B<sub>1</sub>) ----- 3 mg." was false and misleading as applied to the article, which contained less than the declared amounts of vitamin B<sub>12</sub> and vitamin B<sub>1</sub> per fluid ounce.

**DISPOSITION:** August 31, 1953. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

**20798. Misbranding of brewer's yeast tablets. U. S. v. 18 Drums, etc. (F. D. C. No. 35322. Sample Nos. 8564-L, 8569-L.)**

**LIBEL FILED:** June 20, 1953, Northern District of New York.