

gested that the article was pink salmon, whereas it was not pink salmon. (Examination showed that the article was chum salmon.)

DISPOSITION: May 27, 1954. Pleas of guilty having been entered, the court fined the corporation \$300 and the individual \$600.

21269. Misbranding of canned salmon. U. S. v. 130 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 36271. Sample No. 64529-L.)

LIBEL FILED: January 11, 1954, Western District of Washington.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 17, 1953, by the Eward Packing Co., from Anchorage, Alaska.

PRODUCT: 130 cases, each containing 48 cans, of salmon at Seattle, Wash. Examination showed that the product consisted of small pieces of red salmon from the tail or gill sections of fish.

LABEL, IN PART: (Can) "Contents One Pound Whitney's Brand Tid-Bits Alaska Red Sockeye Salmon Distributed By Whitney & Company, Seattle, Washington"; (case) "48 Talls Whitney's Tid-Bits."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Misbranding, Section 403 (a), the label statement "Tid-Bits" was false and misleading as applied to the article, which consisted of tail and gill sections only.

DISPOSITION: January 27, 1954. Whitney & Co., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for relabeling under the supervision of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare.

21270. Adulteration of canned sardines. U. S. v. 45 Cases, etc. (F. D. C. No. 35934. Sample Nos. 61573-L, 61574-L, 82101-L, 82102-L.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about October 30, 1953, Western District of Missouri.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about July 30 and August 3 and 5, 1953, from Gloucester, Mass.

PRODUCT: 45 cases, each containing 48 15-ounce cans, of sardines packed in mustard sauce, and 239 cases, each containing 48 15-ounce cans, of sardines packed in tomato sauce at Kansas City, Mo.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of decomposed fish. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: January 4, 1954. Default decree of forfeiture and destruction.

21271. Adulteration of canned tuna. U. S. v. 10 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 36151. Sample No. 72173-L.)

LIBEL FILED: November 24, 1953, District of Columbia.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: August 6, 1953, from Terminal Island, Calif.

PRODUCT: 10 cases, each containing 48 7-ounce cans, of tuna at Washington, D. C.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: December 30, 1953. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the product be delivered to the National Zoological Park for its use and not for sale.

21272. Adulteration of crabmeat. U. S. v. 174 Cans, etc. (and 1 other seizure action). (F. D. C. Nos. 35858, 35859. Sample Nos. 57791-L, 57792-L, 75051-L, 75052-L.)

LIBELS FILED: On or about October 6, 1953, District of Maryland.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 12, 1953, by Piner's Seafood Co., from Fort Myers, Fla.

PRODUCT: 596 cans of crabmeat at Baltimore, Md.

LABEL, IN PART: "Piner's Seafood Co., Fla. * * * Claw [or "DeLuxe"] Crabmeat."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (4), the article had been prepared and packed under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth or whereby it may have been rendered injurious to health.

DISPOSITION: November 6, 1953. Default decrees of condemnation and destruction.

21273. Adulteration of crabmeat. U. S. v. 3 Boxes * * *. (F. D. C. No. 35874. Sample No. 59198-L.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about November 13, 1953, Southern District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 30, 1953, by Piner Seafoods, from Fort Myers, Fla.

PRODUCT: 3 boxes, containing approximately 150 1-pound cans, of crabmeat at New York, N. Y.

LABEL, IN PART: (Can) "Piner's Seafood Co. * * * Lump Crabmeat."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy animal substance by reason of the presence of *E. coli*.

DISPOSITION: December 9, 1953. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

21274. Adulteration of crabmeat. U. S. v. 299 Cans, etc. (F. D. C. No. 35867. Sample No. 786-L.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about October 30, 1953, District of Maryland.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 26, 1953, by Daniel's Seafood Co., from Fort Myers, Fla.

PRODUCT: 539 1-pound cans of crabmeat at Baltimore, Md.

LABEL, IN PART: "Daniel's Seafood Co. * * * Backfin [or "Claw"] Crab Meat."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy animal substance. (Analysis showed that the article was contaminated with *E. coli* of fecal origin.)

DISPOSITION: November 20, 1953. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.