21393. Adulteration of unshelled pecans, pinto beans, black-eyed beans, and Great Northern beans. U. S. v. 7 Bags, etc. (F. D. C. No. 36518. Sample Nos. 62802–L, 62803–L, 62805–L, 62806.)

LIBEL FILED: April 19, 1954, Western District of Tennessee.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 21, 25, and 27, and December 3, 1953, from Waycross, Ga., and Merrill, Nebr.

PRODUCT: 7 50-pound bags of unshelled pecans, 17 100-pound bags of pinto beans, 18 25-pound bags of black-eyed beans, and 22 25-pound bags of Great Northern beans at Jackson, Tenn., in possession of the Central Warehouse Co.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the articles consisted in whole or in part of filthy substances by reason of the presence of rodent excreta and rodent-gnawed nuts in the pecans, and pigeon excreta in the beans; and, Section 402 (a) (4), the articles had been held under insanitary conditions whereby they may have become contaminated with filth. The articles were adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: May 19, 1954. Default decree of condemnation. The court ordered that the products be delivered to a county institution, for use as animal feed.

21394. Adulteration of shelled English walnuts. U. S. v. 50 Cartons * * *. (F. D. C. No. 36328. Sample No. 83951–L.)

LIBEL FILED: February 20, 1954, District of Minnesota.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about May 14, 1953, from Los Angeles, Calif.

PRODUCT: 50 25-pound cartons of shelled English walnuts at Minneapolis, Minn.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a decomposed substance by reason of the presence of moldy walnuts. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: June 30, 1954. The Pearson Candy Co., St. Paul, Minn., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be released under bond for segregation of the unfit portion, under the supervision of the Department of Health, Education, and Welfare. 137 pounds of the product were found unfit and were destroyed.

POULTRY

21395. Adulteration of dressed poultry. U. S. v. 29 Crates * * *. (F. D. C. No. 36164. Sample No. 73589–L.)

LIBEL FILED: December 4, 1953, Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about November 16, 1953, by Delaware Produce Co., Inc., from Milton, Del.

PRODUCT: 29 crates, containing a total of 2,082 pounds, of dressed poultry at Philadelphia, Pa.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of birds contaminated with dirt, fecal matter, and crop material, and it was otherwise

unfit for food by reason of the presence of extensively bruised birds; and, Section 402 (a) (5), the article was in whole or in part the product of a diseased animal.

DISPOSITION: March 23, 1954. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

21396. Adulteration of dressed poultry. U. S. v. 10 Crates * * *. (F. D. C. No. 36152. Sample No. 51934–L.)

LIBEL FILED: December 3, 1953, Southern District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about November 12, 1953, by the Allied Poultry Processors Co., from Frankford, Del.

PRODUCT: 10 crates of dressed poultry at New York, N. Y.

LABEL, IN PART: (Wrapper) "Premier Brand Poultry * * * Cranbury Poultry Company Cranbury, N. J."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of birds which were contaminated with fecal matter and crop material.

DISPOSITION: March 12, 1954. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

SPICES, FLAVORS, AND SEASONING MATERIALS

21397. Adulteration of coriander seed. U. S. v. 200 Bags * * *. (F. D. C. No. 36118. Sample No. 52099–L.)

LIBEL FILED: November 19, 1953, Eastern District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about June 19, 1951, from India.

PRODUCT: 200 82-pound bags of coriander seed at Brooklyn, N. Y.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: May 6, 1954. The Otto Gerdau Co., New York, N. Y., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be destroyed.

21398. Adulteration of mace. U. S. v. 105 Cases * * *. (F. D. C. No. 34405. Sample No. 23311–L.)

LIBEL FILED: December 10, 1952, Eastern District of New York.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about November 4, 1952, by Safe Owl Products, Inc., Brooklyn, N. Y., to the United States Army, Port of Embarkation, Brooklyn, N. Y., for shipment to the United States Army in Europe.

PRODUCT: 105 cases, each containing 48 tins, of mace at Brooklyn, N. Y.

LABEL, IN PART: (Tin) "Safe Owl Finer Foods Ground Mace 4 Oz. Net."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insect fragments and rodent hairs.

DISPOSITION: July 16, 1954. Safe Owl Products, Inc., having appeared as claimant and later having withdrawn its claim, judgment of condemnation was entered and the court ordered that the product be destroyed.