22725. Granulated peanuts. (F. D. C. No. 38350. S. No. 26–627 M.)

QUANTITY: 6 30-lb. cartons at Winona, Minn.

SHIPPED: 7–20–55, from Chicago, Ill.

LIBELED: 10–4–55, Dist. Minn.

CHARGE: 402 (a) (3)—contained insects while held for sale.

DISPOSITION: 12–5–55. Default—consumption by animals.

22726. Unshelled pine nuts. (F. D. C. No. 38100. S. No. 9–400 M.)

QUANTITY: 40 50-lb. bags at Honolulu, T. H.

SHIPPED: 6–9–55, from Los Angeles, Calif., by Torn & Glasser.

LABEL IN PART: (Bag) "New Mexico Pine Nuts."

LIBELED: 7–21–55, Dist. Hawaii.

CHARGE: 402 (a) (3)—contained animal excrement when shipped.

DISPOSITION: 8–24–55. Default—destruction.

22727. Shelled walnuts. (F. D. C. No. 38287. S. No. 26–614 M.)

QUANTITY: 20 25-lb. cases at Minneapolis, Minn.

SHIPPED: 1–12–55, from Portland, Oreg.

LIBELED: 8–5–55, Dist. Minn.

CHARGE: 402 (a) (3)—contained insects while held for sale.

DISPOSITION: 10–26–55. Consent—claimed by Alfred H. Martin, t/a Martin Brokerage Co., Minneapolis, Minn. Segregated, 39 lbs. destroyed.

22728. Shelled walnuts. (F. D. C. No. 38326. S. No. 25–774 M.)

QUANTITY: 3 25-lb. boxes at Minneapolis, Minn.

SHIPPED: 8–29–55, from Chicago, Ill.

LIBELED: 9–20–55, Dist. Minn.

CHARGE: 402 (a) (3)—contained insects, insect excreta, and webbing while held for sale.

DISPOSITION: 11–8–55. Default—consumption by animals.

22729. Desiccated coconut. (F. D. C. No. 38307. S. No. 26–543 M.)

QUANTITY: 6 100-lb. bags at Minneapolis, Minn.

SHIPPED: 10–1–54, from Richmond, Calif.

LIBELED: 8–27–55, Dist. Minn.

CHARGE: 402 (a) (3)—contained insects while held for sale.

DISPOSITION: 11–8–55. Default—consumption by animals.

22730. Shredded coconut, flour, and candy. (F. D. C. No. 37846. S. Nos. 8–355/7 M.)

INFORMATION FILED: 4–5–55, Dist. Nebr., against Earl A. Cowger, t/a Cowger Sales Co., Superior, Nebr.

VIOLATION: Between 5–11–54 and 12–8–54, the defendent caused various quantities of shredded coconut, flour, and candy to be placed in a building accessible to rodents and to be exposed to contamination by rodents, which acts resulted in the articles being adulterated.