PRODUCT: 169 25-pound cartons of walnut meats at Minneapolis, Minn.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insects, insect fragments, and rodent hair fragments; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.

DISPOSITION: April 9, 1948. The Whittier Walnut Packing Co., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond, conditioned that it be brought into compliance with the law, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency.

POULTRY

12989. Adulteration of poultry. U. S. v. 1 Drum * * *. (F. D. C. No. 24463. Sample No. 22460–K.)

LIBEL FILED: March 1, 1948, Northern District of Alabama.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about February 13, 1948, by the Smith Poultry Co., Inc., Canton, Ga.

PRODUCT: 1 drum containing 34 birds weighing approximately 51 pounds at Birmingham, Ala.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article was unfit for food by reason of bruises and mutilations; and, Section 402 (a) (5), it was in whole or in part the product of a diseased animal.

DISPOSITION: April 12, 1948. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

12990. Adulteration of dressed turkeys. U. S. v. 200 Barrels * * *. (F. D. C. No. 21398. Sample No. 67116–H.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about November 8, 1946, District of Kansas.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 12, 1946, by the Holbrook Turkey Growers Coop. Association, from Cheraw, Colo.

PRODUCT: 200 barrels, weighing 32,600 pounds gross, of dressed turkeys at Topeka, Kans.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (5), the article was in whole or in part the product of a diseased animal.

DISPOSITION: November 18, 1947. Pursuant to stipulation by the parties, the court entered an order providing that 39 head of the tom turkeys in barrels marked "B" Grade were to be totally destroyed; that 664 hen turkeys in barrels marked class "B" were to be processed and canned under the supervision of a veterinary of the United States Department of Agriculture, to eliminate all diseased and unfit birds; and that the remaining turkeys, about 1,900 head, were to be released to the claimant unconditionally.

SPICES, FLAVORS, AND SEASONING MATERIALS

12991. Adulteration of imitation pepper and sausage binder and adulteration and misbranding of meat extender. U. S. v. Basic Food Materials, Inc., and Ray F. Beerend. Pleas of guilty. Each defendant fined $2,000 and costs; fine of corporate defendant suspended. (F. D. C. No. 20970. Sample Nos. 2784–H, 2798–H, 16123–H, 21062–H, 28778–H, 36376–H.)

INFORMATION FILED: December 10, 1946, Northern District of Ohio, against Basic Food Materials, Inc., Cleveland, Ohio, and Ray F. Beerend, president.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: Between the approximate dates of July 17 and September 11, 1945, from the State of Ohio into the States of Maryland, Virginia, Washington, Missouri, and Michigan.

LABEL, IN PART: "Chef's Delite Imitation Pepper," "Basic Food Materials Whe-Co Binder," or "Basic Food Materials Chef's Delite Meat Extender."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the articles consisted in part of filthy substances by reason of the presence (in the imitation pepper) of insects, larvae, insect fragments, mites, rodent hair, and hair resembling rodent hair; (in the sausage binder) of live infestation and insect filth in the form of live sawtooth grain beetles, live larvae, insect larvae or heads, and insect or worm fragments; and (in the meat extender) of larvae, beetle and larvae heads, capsules and cast skins, insect fragments, and hair resembling