14331. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 19 Bags * * *. (F. D. C. No. 26637. Sample No. 13096–K.)

LIBEL FILED: March 8, 1949, Eastern District of Pennsylvania.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about October 28, 1948, by Shellabarger's, Inc., from Salina, Kans.

PRODUCT: 19 100-pound bags of flour at Philadelphia, Pa.

LABEL, IN PART: "Shellabarger's Golden Belt Bleached Flour."

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of insect fragments.

DISPOSITION: April 11, 1949. Default decree of condemnation and destruction.

14332. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 200 Bags, etc. * * *. (F. D. C. No. 26158. Sample Nos. 1348–K to 1351–K, incl.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about January 7, 1949, Northern District of Georgia.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about August 25, September 10, and October 27, 1948, from Fort Worth, Tex., and Nashville, Tenn.

PRODUCT: Flour. 270 10-pound bags, 122 50-pound bags, 22 5-pound bags, and 86 25-pound bags at Cornelia, Ga., in possession of the R. L. Ramey Co.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent excreta; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth. The article was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: February 21, 1949. The C. M. Miller Co., Cornelia, Ga., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for segregation of the unfit portion and its conversion into stock feed, under the supervision of the Federal Security Agency. The entire product was subsequently denatured.

14333. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 560 Bags * * *. (F. D. C. No. 26200. Sample No. 19777–K.)

LIBEL FILED: December 2, 1948, Southern District of Indiana; amended libel filed January 4, 1949.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about February 24, 1948, from St. Louis, Mo.

PRODUCT: 560 5-pound bags of flour at Indianapolis, Ind.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consist[illegible] whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of [illegible] It was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate c[illegible]

DISPOSITION: February 11, 1949. Default decree of forfeiture and [illegible]477.

14334. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 11 Bags * * *. (F. D [illegible] Sample No. 5034–K.)

LIBEL FILED: August 19, 1948, District of Connecticut. [illegible] N. Y.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about February 24, 1948, from[illegible]le consisted

PRODUCT: 11 100-pound bags of flour at New London, C[illegible]ce of insects.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) [illegible] in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reaso[illegible]

It was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: October 26, 1948. Default decree of condemnation. The product was ordered sold for purposes other than for human consumption.

14335. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 346 Bags * * *. (F. D. C. No. 24968. Sample Nos. 18577-K, 18578-K.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about July 1, 1948, Southern District of Indiana.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about May 11, 1948, by the United Grain & Milling Co., from St. Henry, Ohio.

PRODUCT: 346 100-pound bags of flour at Richmond, Ind.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been prepared under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth. (Examination showed that the product contained insect fragments and rodent hair fragments.)

DISPOSITION: September 13, 1948. A total of 79 bags of the product having been seized, and the United Grain & Milling Co., claimant, having admitted the allegations of the libel except as to the amount of the product alleged to be in the custody of the consignee, judgment of forfeiture was entered and the product was ordered released under bond for conversion into animal feed, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

14336. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 1,933 Bags * * *. (F. D. C. No. 26436. Sample No. 1536-K.)

LIBEL FILED: February 2, 1949, Southern District of Georgia.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about September 22, 1948, from Trenton, Ill.

PRODUCT: 1,933 25-pound bags of flour at Brunswick, Ga., in possession of the Glynn Distributors.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the product consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent urine; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth. The product was adulterated while held for sale after shipment in interstate commerce.

DISPOSITION: March 18, 1949. The Trenton Milling Co., Trenton, Ill., claimant, having consented to the entry of a decree, judgment of condemnation was entered and the product was ordered released under bond to be converted into stock feed, under the supervision of the Food and Drug Administration.

14337. Adulteration of flour. U. S. v. 156 Bags, etc. (F. D. C. No. 25545. Sample Nos. 985-K to 987-K, incl.)

LIBEL FILED: On or about September 8, 1948, Northern District of Georgia.

ALLEGED SHIPMENT: On or about January 23, May 3, and June 23, 1948, from Fort Worth, Tex.

PRODUCT: 213 25-pound bags and 27 50-pound bags of flour at La Fayette, Ga., in possession of the La Fayette Wholesale Co.

NATURE OF CHARGE: Adulteration, Section 402 (a) (3), the article consisted in whole or in part of a filthy substance by reason of the presence of rodent hairs and rodent excreta; and, Section 402 (a) (4), it had been held under insanitary conditions whereby it may have become contaminated with filth.